MEMORANDUM

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LTD.

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器	Form L.R. Form L.R. निगमन का प्रमाण पत्र
Ő	CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
Q	CERTIFICATE OF INCOMPONENT
圌	ता०की स०की स०
Ő	No
W	मैं एतद द्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आज
Ö	
	कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का स॰ -1) के अधीन निगमित की गई है; और वह कम्पनी परिसीमित है।
Ň	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Ŵ	I hereby certify that ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED
Ő	
	is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956(No.1 of 1956)
Ő	and that the Company is limited.
0	मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता॰को दिया गया ा
Ň	Given under my hand at CUTTACK this SEVENTEENTH
Ŵ	day of MAX
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Ő	(at 7
	(G. MUKHOPADHYAY) कम्पनियों का रजिस्टार, उड़िशा
Ň	Registrar of Companies,
Õ	Orissa
××	म्रेन्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट्रिट्ट् सो-1 क्रुम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार,
जे०एस० J.S.C.	Registrar of Companies
	Registrar of Orissa

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF COMPANY AFFAIRS OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA CHALACHITRA BHAWAN, 2ND FLOOR, BUXI BAZAR, <u>C U T T A C K : 753 001</u>

NO.TS/S.21/6230/410

DATED, THE 20th May, 2005.

To,

M/s. Arss Stones Private Limited, Plot No. 38, Sector : A, Zone : D, Mancheswar, Bhubaneswar.

Sub: Change of name – Approval of the Central Government Under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956.

Sir,

With reference to the correspondence resting with your intimation/letter No. Nil dated 20.05.2005 I hereby approve and signify in writing under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 read with Government of India, Ministry of Company Affairs's Notification No. GSR 507(E) dated 24th June, 1986, the change of the name of the company from " ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED" to "ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED". I have, however, to point out that the compliance with the provisions of Section 23(1) of the Act will continue to be necessary for effecting the change of name and I have accordingly to advise you to take necessary action in this behalf.

Yours faithfully,

(B. MOHANTY)

REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA

Endorsement No. TS/S.21/6230/411(2)

Dated, the 20TH MAY,2005.

Copy forwarded for information to :

- 1. The Regional Director, Eastern Region, Ministry of Company Affairs, Kolkata : 700 020.
- The Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Company Affairs, Shastri Bhawan, "A" Wing, 5th floor, Dr. R. P. Road, New Delhi: 110 001.

REGISTRAR

SAMANTA/5/2005



COMPANY REGISTRATION NO : 15-06230 OF 2000-2001

CIN NO.U14103OR2000PTC006230

FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA, CUTTACK

(UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)

IN THE MATTER OF M/S. ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby certify that *M/S. ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED* which was originally incorporated on the **SEVENTEENTH day of MAY**, TWO THOUSAND under the Companies Act, 1956 and under the name "ARSS **STONES PRIVATE LIMITED**" the said Company passed necessary resolution in terms of Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 on *19th April 2005* and the approval of the Central Government, signified in writing having been accorded hereto in the Ministry of Company Affairs, Registrar of Companies, Orissa letter No. TS/S.21/6230/410 dated 20TH MAY,2005 the name of the said Company this day changed to " ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED"

Given under my hand at CUTTACK this TWENTIETH day of MAY, TWO THOUSANDFIVE.

(B. MOHANTY) REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA.

> कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार Registrar of Companies उडीसा / Orissa



M/S. ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED.

<u>COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 15-006230</u> <u>CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF CONFIRMING</u> <u>ALTERATION OF OBJECTS.</u>

(SECTION 18(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956).

M/S. ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED having by Special Resolution passed on TWENTYSIXTH day of MAY, TWOTHOUSAND FIVE altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its main objects and such alteration having been confirmed on the 26^{TH} MAY, 2005, I hereby certify that the resolution together with the printed copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has been registered on 27.05.2005.

Given under my hand at CUTTACK this TWENTYSEVENTH day of MAY, TWOTHOUSAND FIVE.

(B. MOHANTY) REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA

कम्पनी रजिल्ट्रार Registrar of Companies उडीसा / Orissa



COMPANY NO. 15-06230 OF 2000-01

CIN: U14103OR2000PLC006230

FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT OF CHANGE OF STATUS OF THE COMPANY IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA, CUTTACK

(UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)

IN THE MATTER OF M/S. ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby certify that *M/S. ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED* which was originally incorporated on SEVENTEENTH day of MAY, TWO THOUSAND under the Companies Act, 1956 and under the name ARSS STONES PRIVATE LIMITED subsequently change its name to ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED on 20th May, 2005 having passed necessary resolution on 15TH NOVEMBER, 2005 in terms of Section 44(2)(b) read with Section 31 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded hereto in the Registrar of Companies, Orissa the status of the said Company is this day converted to "ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED".

Given under my hand at CUTTACK this THIRD day of APRIL, TWO THOUSAND SIX.

Brohan

(B. MOHANTY) REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, ORISSA.

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार Segistrar of Companies उडीसा / Orissa



भारत सरकार–कम्पनी कार्य मंत्रालय कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, उडीसा

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 18 (1) (क) उद्देश्य–खंडों में परिवर्तन की पुष्टि हेतु विशेष विनिश्चय के पंजीकरण का प्रमाण–पत्र

कार्पोरेट पहचान सख्या : U14103OR2000PLC006230

मैसर्स ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED

के अंशधारकों ने दिनांक 20/04/2007 को आयोजित की गई वार्षिक / असाधारण बैठक में एक विशेष विनिश्चय पारित करके कम्पनी अधिनियम,1956 (1956 का 1) की धारा 18 (1) का अनुपालन करते हुए अपने संगम–ज्ञापन के प्रावधानों में परिवर्तन कर लिया है.I

मैं, एतदद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि उक्त विशेष विनिश्चय की प्रतिलिपि, यथा परिवर्तित संगम-ज्ञापन के साथ, आज पंजीकृत कर ली गई है।

मेरे हस्ताक्षर द्वारा कटक में यह प्रमाण-पत्र, आज दिनांक तीस अप्रेल दो हजार सात को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF COMPANY AFFAIRS Registrar of Companies, Orissa

SECTION 18(1)(A) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration of Object Clause(s)

Corporate Identity Number : U14103OR2000PLC006230

The share holders of M/s ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 20/04/2007 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and complied with the Section (18)(1) of the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956).

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Cuttack this Thirtieth day of April Two Thousand Seven.

(MOHANTY BIBEKANANDA) कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार/ Registrar of Companies उडीसा Orissa

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956 MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED

- I. The name of the company is ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED.
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of Orissa.
- III. The objects for which the company is established are:

(A) THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS

INCORPORATION AREA:

- 1. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to manufacture, produce, prepare, polish, cut finish, process, mine, treat, acquire convert, commercialize, crush, grave, design, develop, export, import, buy, sell, resell, explore, excavate, guarry, grind, handle, transport, turn to account, market, promote, manage, organize, establish, store, shape and to act as agent, broker, aditia franchiser, distributor, stockiest, mine owners, quarry owners, suppliers, vendor, consignor, transporters, consultants, collaborators, export houses, warehouses or otherwise to deal in all shapes, sizes & varieties of rough and polish stones, slabs, logs, rocks and chips of all natural stones including granite, hemathist, radaita, laterite, coloured stones, their residues, cuttings, byproducts, ingredients, powers, monuments, articles or things and to undertake search, survey, discover, find out and to acquire, by concession, grant, purchase, barter, lease, license, degrees & tenders the allotment or otherwise of land or water area from government, semi government, local authorities, private bodies, corporations and other persons such rights powers and privileges for the accomplishment of above objects whatsoever and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of above objects.
- 2. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of builders, contractors, designers, architects, decorators, furniture, consultants, constructors, financiers and brokers of all types of buildings, bridges and structures including houses, flats, apartments, office, godowns, warehouses, shops, factories, sheds, hospitals, hotels, holiday resorts, shopping-cum-residential complexes and to develop, erect, install, alter, improve, add, establish, renovate, recondition protect, participate, enlarge, repair, demolish, remove, replace, maintain, manage, buy, sell, lease, let on hire, commercialise, turn to account, fabricate handle and control all such buildings and structures and to purchase, sell, or deal in all types of movable or immovable properties for development investment or for resale and to act as buyer, seller, importer, exporter, agent, distributor, stockists or otherwise to deal in all types of raw materials, goods, fittings, parts, accessories, know-how, consumable, plant and machinery, tools and tackles used for the foregoing purpose and to do all incidental acts and things necessary.
- 3. To act as industrial, technical and commercial project consultants and advise on all and any matters relating to promotion, planning, establishment and development of an organization, selection and recruiting personnel, sales, imports and exports, purchases, marketing and market research and administration of any project, industry business or enterprise in India or out of India and to undertake, provide, procure, maintain and promote

administration, and any other services and facilities required by or in connection with any project, industry or business including undertaking complete turnkey jobs and comprehensive management of unit and/or groups thereof and to carry on the business as civil, mechanical, engineering and electrical contractors, builders, road makers, engineers, and to take up turnkey projects, construction, manufacturing, building, road making engineering and all other allied works of any nature for any person, firm, company, public body, government, army, navy, railways, to execute projects under Built Operate Lease & transfer (BOLT) under central govt, railways & various other public bodies etc., either itself or in partnership with any person, firm, company or government body or corporation.

4. To carry on the business of manufacturing tipper, cabin body and engineering works includes repairing of vehicles, such as cars, trucks & buses in the workshop of the Company of its own, outsiders and to undertake as well as carry out directly or in connection with other agencies scientific and technical research experiments and test of all kinds and also to take up processing, assembling and manufacturing of all machinery, electronic goods, communication equipment fiber optic related equipment, software for computers and telecommunications.

(B) THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILIARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS ARE:

- 1. To Search, survey, discover and find out and to acquire by concession, grant, purchase, barter, lease, license, degrees & tenders the allotment or otherwise of land or water area from government, semi-government, local authorities, private bodies, corporations and other persons such rights, powers and privileges whatsoever for obtaining mines, open cast mines, quarries, deposits for the accomplishment of above objects.
- To deal in all shapes, sizes, varieties, description, application and designs of rough, raw, cut, uncut, polished or processed natural and man-made precious, semiprecious & natural stone such as diamond, ruby, plants, gem stones, blood stones, blood stone, gold stone, sun stone, jews stones, load stone, touch stone.
- 3. To engage or enter into contracts or arrangements with experts inside the Indian Union or abroad and enter into foreign collaboration agreements with the objects of furthering the company's business or objects.
- 4. To purchase take on lease or otherwise acquire and explore work, exercise, develop, acquire options in and turn to account any mines, metalliferous lands, mining rights prospectors other claims and diggers, licenses, either in India or else where.
- 5. To incur debts for the conduct of any business of the company and purchase or hire goods, materials or machinery on credits or otherwise for any business or purpose of this company.
- 6. To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue, promissory notes, hundies, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities in connection with business of the company.
- 7. To make payments, fees and expenses with respect to the formation and registration of the company or the issue of its capital.
- 8. To pay for any rights or property acquired by the company and to remunerate any person or company whether by cash payment or by the allotment of

shares, debentures or other securities of the company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise.

- 9. To take part in the technical management, supervision or control of the business or operations of any company, or undertakings and for that purpose to appoint and remunerate any director, accountants, lawyers, engineers or other experts, or agents and act as registrar or agents of any such company or undertaking.
- 10. To give advertisements and conduct publicity campaign and to have journals, magazines, periodicals, books or leaflets for the promotion of all or any of the purposes and activities of the company.
- 11. To procure this or any other company to be registered or registered in any part of the world in our outside India.
- 12. To apply for purchase or otherwise acquire and renew in any part of the world, any patent rights, copy rights, trade marks, menos, designs, invention, licenses, concessions and the like. Conferring any exclusive or non exclusive or limited right to their use or any secret or other information as any inventions which seems capable of being used for any of the purposes of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly to benefit the company and to use exercise, develop or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired and to expend money to experiment upon taking or improving any such patents inventions or rights.
- 13. To acquire properties and rights of use of properties including land, building, machineries and plants, waterways reservoirs, warehouses and other works and conveyances which may directly or indirectly advance the company's interest.
- 14. To build, alter, construct and maintain any factories, warehouses, dwellings or other buildings or work necessary for the purpose of the company or which can be conveniently used in connection therewith.
- 15. To construct, acquire, establish, take on lease, maintain, administer, carry out, improve, work, control or superintendent any factories, workshops sheds, road ways, siding, railways, tramways, tracks, reservoirs, bridges, water courses, mills, electrical installations, conveyances and work which may become directly or indirectly conducive to any of the main objects of the company and to subsidies or to take part in such activities and operations in pursuits of the company's main objects.
- 16. To carry on any business related to the productions, processing, importing and engage distribution of and deal in which may be either usefully or conveniently combined with the activities of the company or of any of the contracts undertaken by the company for attainment of main objects.
- 17. To open offices, shops, godowns and branch office at any place of India and abroad calculated to benefit or advance the interest of the company and objects.
- 18. To purpose, acquire, protect, prolong and renew whether in India or elsewhere rights which may appear to be advantageous or useful to the company's main business and to turn to account to manufacture or grant licenses or privileges in respect of the same and to spend money in experimenting upon and testing and improving or seeking to improve the patents, inventions or right which the company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- 19. Subjects to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 & Rules framed there under, direction issue by RBI from time to time and SEBI guidelines as the

case may be borrow, raise, secure, invite, promote, undertake and accept the payment of money as deposit, loan or advance with or without interest, secured or unsecured, conditional or non-conditional or in such other manner as the directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, bonds, debenture stocks, commercial papers or other securities whether convertible or non-convertible, on mortgage, pledge or charge on the whole or any part of the property, assets, revenue and profits of the company including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise and to purchase, redeem, pay off or discharge any such securities.

To accept, invite, promote, raise, secure, borrow, undertake or otherwise to negotiable loans, underwriting contracts, mortgages, leases, equity participations, cash credits, letters of credits, guarantees, obligations, commitments, overdrafts and other financial facilities from Banks, financial institutions, leasing companies, government or semi-government bodies companies, firms, individuals, societies, associations, body corporate and other entities.

- 20. To distribute among the members in specie any property of the company or any proceeds of the sale or disposal of any property of the company subject to the provisions of the law in the event of winding up.
- 21. To apply for tender, purchase, or otherwise acquire any contracts, subcontracts, licenses and concessional for or in relation to the objects or business herein mentioned or any of them and to undertake, execute, carry out dispose of or otherwise turn to account the same.
- 22. Subject to the provision of section 391 to 394 of the companies Act, 1956 to amalgamate or to enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, interest, co-operation, joint venture, or reciprocal concession or for limiting competition with any person or company or companies carrying on or being authorized to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the company is authorized to carry on or which the company is authorized to carry on or which the company is authorized to carry on being conducted so as directly to benefit the company.
- 23. Subject to the provisions of the companies Act, 1956 or any other enactment in force to protect officers, directors, agents and servants of the company against proceeding, cost, demands in respect of any thing done or ordered to be done by them for and in the interest of the company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the interests of the company.
- 24. To open & operate any account in the name of the Company with any bank and draw cheques endorse all cheques, hundles, securities, pay orders, demand drafts open and operate cash credit accounts in the company's name and to close accounts of Banks as and when deemed necessary.
- 25. To enter into, execute and fulfill all contracts, agreements and arrangements necessary or useful for any or all of the objects of the company with any government, semi-government and local authority in India or elsewhere for the purchase, sale and supply of goods, merchandise, movable articles & things and to provide services on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors deem fit from time to time.
- 26. To establish, settle, promote, form, undertake or to execute any public charitable or welfare trust for the benefit of employees, ex-employees, directors, their dependants and general public of for the developments and advancement of any activity in the field of education, health care, public welfare, science etc. for their benefit.

- 27. To purchase, sell, subscribe, underwrite, acquire, invest, exchange, take-up, hold or otherwise to deal in shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, warrants, entitlements, premium notes, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by the companies, corporations, mutual funds, government undertaking, government authorities, banks, financial institutions, foreign institutional investors, foreign companies or by any other body or authority in India or abroad either by original subscription, tender conversion, offer, renunciation, purchase or otherwise and to subscribe for the same either conditionally or unconditionally and to guarantee the subscription there of and to exercise, enforce and enjoy all rights and powers conferred by or incidental to the ownership thereof.
- 28. To insure the company fully or partly against any losses, damages, risks, accident and liabilities of all kinds which may affect to it whether in respect of its contracts, agreements, advances, securities, undertaking, properties, belongings, goods, articles, guarantees & obligations or in setting apart funds of the company or by effecting appropriate insurance from time to time.
- 29. To make donations, charities & contributions to individuals, firms, companies, trusts, institutions, welfare funds, national relief funds, hospitals, recognized political parties etc. either in cash or in kind such as may be allowed by law and in particular to remunerate any person, company, firm, body, association or corporation introducing business to this company and else to subscribe and contribute to religious, political, benevolent, national, public, cultural educational or other institution, fund or trusts established for the benefits of the employees, ex-employees (including directors) business associates or to their dependants & relatives or for general public.
- 30. To refer, or agree to refer to arbitration the mater related to any claim, demand, dispute, or for any other question raised by or against the company, or in which the company is directly or indirectly interested or concerned and to do all acts, deeds, maters and things to carry out and enforce the award.
- 31. The acquire business & undertake the whole of any part of the business assets and liabilities of any person, shareholder, or company carrying on any business which the company is authorized to carry on at such consideration as will be mutually agreed upon.
- 32. To engage, employ staff, servants, employees, agents, experts for the company and pay or otherwise remunerate them, including making such provision, funds, and other benefits as may be desirable and not otherwise illegally calculated or purported to be calculated to benefit such servants, their dependence and heirs.
- 33. To provide guarantees, counter guarantees, third party guarantees or to stand as surety for the payment of money, secured or unsecured, obtained by the company from banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, public bodies, government bodies, corporations, companies, firms, individuals or other entities on commission or otherwise and to pay for the money so guarantee in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures, debenture stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations, banking facilities, instruments and securities of any such entities as aforesaid.
- 34. To let out on rent, on hire, lease, license or otherwise dispose of any property, rights, ways, works, privileges, trademarks etc. of the company absolutely or conditionally on daily, weekly, monthly, yearly, or on perpetual period basis in India or elsewhere and to receive rent charges, royalties, fees, discounted value, lump sum deposits, commuted value or other consideration there

against as may be agreed by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time.

- 35. To pay, reimburse or give credit for all cost, charges and expenses out of the funds of the company which are incidental to the promotion, formation, registration and establishment of the company as are incurred by the promoters in its preliminary or pre-incorporation stage and alternatively to issue shares against such expenses as may be decided by the Board of Directors from time to time.
- 36. To arrange, establish, encourage, promote, mange and organize marketing operations in India or abroad for sale of the products and by-products whether manufactured by the company or not and for the purpose either to establish its own shops, retail counters, franchise, depots, showrooms, agencies, or marketing organizations or to appoint agents, distributors, stockiest, declarer agents, C&F agents, representatives, wholesalers, retailers or dealers on such terms and conditions as the company may deem fit from time to time.
- 37. To carry on in India or in any part of the world all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of any of the objects under these presents.
- 38. To adopt all pre-incorporation contracts entered into by the promoters with any person on behalf of the company by way of ratification or substitution and to remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered to the company for the formation or promotion of the company or for the acquisition of any property, license, letter of intent, allotments, know how or similar things by the company.
- 39. The objects incidental or ancillary to the attainment of the main objects of the company as aforesaid shall also be incidental or ancillary to the allotment of the other objects of the company herein mentioned.

The objects set forth in each of the several clauses under these presents shall have the widest possible construction and shall extend to all parts of the world.

The word company in this memorandum shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body or association of persons whether incorporated or not any wherever domiciled.

(C) OTHER OBJECTS :

- 1. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to produces promote, project, participate, manufacture, manipulate, treat, process, prepare, alter, develop, expose, edit, exhibit, make, remake, display, print, reprint, convert, duplicate, finish, buy, sell, run, import, and to act as broker, agent, distributor, proprietor, copyright owners, video right owners, audio right owners, theater owners, dubbing right owners, cinema studio owners, dance, music and other studio owners, lab owners etc. of all kinds of cine films, video films, tele films, documentary films, advertising films, TV serial, slides in all languages prevailing in the world and to do all such other acts and things as are necessary and incidental to the business of film industry in general.
- 2. To carry on the business of buy, sell, store, supply, import, export and to act as agent, brokers, concessionaries, consultant, consignor, representative, liasioner or otherwise to deal in consumer goods of all types and to do all such acts and things necessary for the attainment of the above objects.

- To carryon in India or elsewhere the business of prospecting, exploring, 3. operating and working on mines, quarries and to win, set, crush, smelt, manufacture, process, excavate, dig, break, acquire, develop, exercise, turn to account, survey, produce, prepare, remove, undertake, barter, convert, finish, loan, unload, handle, transport, buy, sell, import, export, supply and to act as agent, broker, adatia, stockiest, distributor, consultants, contractor, manager, operator or otherwise to deal in allsorts of present and future ore, minerals, deposits, goods, substances & materials, including sands, stones, soils, chalk, clay, china clay, bentonite, barites, calcite and coal, lignite rockphosphate, brimstone, brine, bauxite, limestone, precious and other stones, gold, silver, diamonds, iron, aluminum, titanium, vanadium, mica, apalite, chrome, copper, gypsum, rutile, sulphate, tin, zinc, zircon, tungsten, silicon, brass and other alied materials, by-products, mixtures, blends, residues & substances and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of objects under these presents.
- 4. To search, survey, discover and find out and to acquire by concession, grant, purchase, barter, lease, license, degrees & tenders the allotment or otherwise of land or water area from government, semi-government, local authorities, private bodies, corporations, and other persons such rights, powers and privileges whatsoever for obtaining mines, open cast mines, quarries, deposits for the accomplishment of above objects.
- To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to manufacture produce, 5. process prepare, fabricate, market, convert, commercialize grade, develop, design, press, stitch, mould, flex, export, import jobwork, buy, sell, stretch, stamp, shape, smelt, emboss, print laminate and to act as agent, broker, adatia, consultant, advisor, representative, marketing man, collaborator franchisers, stockists, distributor or otherwise to deal in all shapes, sizes, varieties, capacities, description and dimensions of packing materials whether made of wood, plywood, thermo cole, wood wool, particle board, corrugated paper, craft paper, rubber straw boards, card boards, aluminum foils, metal foils, glass, plastics, gelatine, bakelite, polypropylene and its compounds, tin, iron sheets, jute, synthetic materials, cloths and other ferrous and nonferrous materials, such as containers, receptacles, boxes, cartons, casos, trums, flasks, cages, bins, cork jars, carboys, tubes, rolls, tapes, crates, ropes, cones, cups, plates, collapsible tubes, bottles, carry bags and other allied item and parts, fixtures, fittings, accessories, consumables, components, ingredients and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of above objects.
- 6. To carry on the business and to buy or generate for its use or distribution or otherwise steam, heat, light, electricity, gas or other motive power and for the purpose levy, sell or manufacture cables, wires, dynamos, motor converters, generators and all other electrical or other articles and goods subject of the provision of Indian Electricity Act.
- 7. To carry and conduct workshops, engineering work of every description and kind and foundries of iron and steel brass and other metals, wood and any other substances.
- 8. To carry on in the Union of India or elsewhere all or anyone or more of the following business, namely the buying, selling, letting on hire, hire purchase or easy payment system of manufacturing and contractors of and dealers in domestic or business appliances installations, fittings, machinery, motor vehicles of all kinds and descriptions, agricultural implements and machinery of all sorts, and all machinery, mechanical and other parts, tools plant, implements, utensils, appliance, apparatus, requisites and accessories for all the classes of the above mentioned vehicles or any

parts thereof and all other things of whatsoever nature or description cable of being used therewith or in the manufacture, maintenance and working thereof.

- 9. To carry on in India and elsewhere in any place in the world the business or trade of insurance agents, company promoters, underwriters, shroffs, guarantee brokers, commission agents, forwarding and other agents, marine, fire and other insurers, muccadums and brokers and dealers in all kinds of machinery spare parts, stores and in motor car and vehicles of all descriptions or any one or more such business in all or any of their respective branches.
- 10. To carry on the business of manufacturers and producers of fats, plasticizers, extenders, fertilizers, manures, dips, sprays, vermifuges, fungicides medicines and remedies of all kinds for agricultural, fruit growing or other purpose of as remedies for men or animals and vegetable life and whether produced form vegetable or animal matter or by any chemical, biological or synthetic process.
- 11. To carry on business as commission agents for all kinds of cloth, yarn, cotton, wool, silk rayon, nylon, other synthetic fibers and textiles and drugs, chemicals, food grains, seeds, pulses, oil seeds, sugar, provisions, oilman stores, oils, stores, goods, articles and things whatsoever.
- 12. To carry on business of contract works including transport, civil service, supply contracts and to render consultancy services for execution of contract works.
- 13. To carry on business of manufacturers of bitumen, Hessian based roofing felts, fiberglass issues, aluminum foils, fibers, plastic films or any articles or things.
- To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of prospecting exploring, 14. operation and working on mines, quarries and to win, set, crush, smelt, manufacture, process, excavate, dig, break, acquire, develop, exercise, turn to account, survey, produce, prepare, remove, undertake, barter, convert, finish, load, unload, handle, transport, buy, sell, import, export, supply and to act as agent, broker, aditia, stockist, distributor, consultants, contractor, manager, operator or otherwise to deal in all sorts of present and future ore, minerals, deposits, goods, substances and minerals including sands, stones, soils, chalk, clay, china clay, bentonite, boryles, calcile and coal, lignite, rockphosphate, brimstone, brine, bauxite, limestone, precious and other stones, gold, silver, diamonds, iron, aluminum, titanium, vanadium, mica, apalite, chrome, copper, gypsum, rutile, sulphate, tin, zinc, zircon, tungsten, silicon, brass and other allied materials, by-products, mixture, blends, residues & substances and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of objects under these present.
- IV. The liability of the members is limited.
- V. The authorized share capital of the company is Rs 55,00,00,000/- (Rupees Fifty five crore only) divided into 3,00,00,000 (Three Crore Only) equity shares of Rs.10.00 (Rupees Ten only) each and 2,50,00,000 (Two Crore Fifty Lacs) preference shares of Rs.10.00 (Rupees Ten Only)with power to increase or reduce the capital for the time being into several classes, and to attach there to respectively such preferential, qualified on special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the company and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such a manner as may for the time being be provided by the resolution of the company and consolidate, sub-divide or reorganize the shares and issue shares of higher or lower denomination."

We the several persons whose names addresses and descriptions are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this **MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION** and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set apposite to our respective names.

Names, Addresses and	No. of Equity shares	Names, Addresses &
Descriptions of the	taken by Subscribers	Descriptions of the
Subscribers & Signature		Witness & Signature
Sd/	100	
Rajesh Agarwal,	100 (One Hundred)	
S/o- Mohanlal Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village,	(One Hundred)	
Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15,		
Occupation-Business		
Decupation Dusiness		
Sd/		
Sanju Agarwal,	100	
W/o- Subash Agarwal,	(One Hundred)	
N-1/93, IRC Village,	(
Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15,		j j
Occupation-Business		t tt, dan gan
		Rout Sount Nagi 007
Sd/	100	
Ram Dulari Agarwal,	(One Hundred)	Witness to all Sd/-Pratap Kumar Rout S/o- Bichitra Nanda Rout, ctising Chartered Accountant 9, 1 st Floor, Saheed Nagar, Bhubaneswar- 751 007
W/o- Mohan Lal Agarwal,		ir-
N-1/93, IRC Village,		ess a Karline wa
Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15,		the trictal tap tap tap tap
Occupation-Business		Witnes Pratap I Sichitra J Charte Floor, 3 Daneswa
C-1/		Witness to Sd/-Pratap Kur S/o- Bichitra Na Practising Charterec B-9, 1 st Floor, Sah Bhubaneswar-
Sd/	100	Br, 'o
Seema Agarwal,		
W/o- Anil Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village,	(One Hundred)	
Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15,		
Occupation-Business		
Cocupation-Dusiness		
Sd/		
Sangeeta Agarwal,	100	
W/o- Rajesh Agarwal,	(One Hundred)	
N-1/93, IRC Village,		
Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15,		
Occupation-Business		
TOTAL :	500	

DATED THE DAY OF **<u>17TH MAY</u>**, **2000**.

UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED

1 Save as reproduced herein the regulation contained in Table "A" in *Table A not to apply* Schedule I to the Act Shall not apply to the Company.

INTERPRETATION

2(1)	In the interpretation of these Articles, unless repugnant to the subject or context :	Interpretation clause
	"The Company" or "This Company" means "ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED"	The Company or THIS Company
	"The Act" means " The Companies Act 1956" or any statutory modification or re-enactment therefore for the time being in force.	The Act
	"Annual General Meeting" means a general meeting of the Members held in accordance with the provisions of Section 166 of the Act or any adjourned meeting thereof.	
	"Auditors" means and include those persons appointed as such for the time being by the Company or its Board,	Auditors
	"Board" or "Board of Directors" or "the Board" means the Board of 'Board of Directors for the time being of the Company.	Board
	"Board Meeting" means a meeting of the Directors or a committee thereof duly called and constituted, or as the case may be, the Directors assembled at the Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company collectively.	Board Meeting
	"Capital" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised, for the purpose of the Company.	Capital
	"Debenture" includes debenture-stock.	Debenture
	"Dividend" includes interim dividend.	Dividend
	"Extraordinary General Meeting", means an extraordinary general of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned <i>General Meeting</i> ' meeting thereof.	Extraordinary General Meeting
	"Member" means the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company and includes the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.	Member
	"Meeting" or "General Meeting" means a meeting of members.	Meeting

"Month" means a calendar month.	Month
"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.	Office
A resolution shall be an ordinary resolution when at a general meeting of which the notice required under the Act has been duly given, the votes cast (whether on a show of hands, or on a poll as the case may be) in favor of the resolution (including the casting vote, if any, of the chairman) by members, who being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes, if any, cast against the resolution by members so entitled and voting.	'Ordinary Resolution'
"Paid-up" includes credited as paid-up.	'Paid up'
"Persons" includes corporations and firms as well as individuals.	'Persons'
"Postal Ballot" shall mean voting by post through ballot papers distributed amongst eligible voters and shall include voting by electronic mode.	'Postal Ballot'
"Register of Members" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to the Act.	'Register of Member'
"Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the State in which the Registered Office of the Company is for the time being situated.	'Registrars'
"Secretary" means any individual possessing the qualification prescribed for the time being by or under the Act or any rules made there under and appointed to perform the duties, which may be performed by Secretary under the Act, and any other ministerial or administrative duties.	'Secretary'
"Seal" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.	'Seal'
"Seal" means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company. "Share" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed or implied.	'Seal' 'Share'
"Share" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed	
"Share" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed or implied. "Small Shareholder" means a shareholder holding shares of the nominal	'Share' "Small
 "Share" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed or implied. "Small Shareholder" means a shareholder holding shares of the nominal value of twenty thousand rupees or less. A resolution shall be a special resolution when : (a) The intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution has been duly specified in the notice convening the general meeting or other 	'Share' "Small shareholder "
 "Share" means share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed or implied. "Small Shareholder" means a shareholder holding shares of the nominal value of twenty thousand rupees or less. A resolution shall be a special resolution when : (a) The intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution has been duly specified in the notice convening the general meeting or other intimation given to the members of the resolution. (b) the notice required under the Act has been duly given of the general 	'Share' "Small shareholder "

"Year" means the calendar year and 'Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2(17) of the Act.

Words importing the singular number include, where the context admits 's or requires the plural number and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine -gender also include the feminine 'Gengender,

(2) The marginal notes used in these Articles shall not affect the construction or meaning of the subject.

(3) Save as aforesaid, words or expressions, defined in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.

CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

- 3 The Authorized Share Capital of the company shall be the capital Amount as specified in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association, with power to increase and reduce the Share Capital of the company and to divide the shares in the Capital for the time being into several classes as permissible in law and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company to vary, modify, amalgamate or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for time being be provided in the Articles of Association.
- 4 The Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, increase the Capital by the creation. of new Shares. Such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into such shares of such respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any shares of the original or increased capital shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving upon the creation thereof, shall direct, and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, or otherwise and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a right of voting at general meetings of the Company in conformity with Section 87 of the Act. Whenever the Capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of this Article, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 97 of the Act.
- 5 Except in so far as otherwise provided in the conditions of issue of C shares by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be subject to provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture. Lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.
- 6 Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, the Company shall *redeem* have the power to issue Preference Shares which at or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.

'Year' and 'Financial Year'

'Singular Numbers'

'Gender'

of

Increase of Capital by the Company and how carried in to effect.

Office.

'redeemable Preference shares 7 On the issue of Redeemable Preference Shares under the provisions of Article 6 hereof, the following provisions shall take effect :

- (a) no such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of the redemption.
- (b) no such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid.
- (c) Where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall, out of the profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called the "Capital Redemption Reserve Account" a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, excepts as provided in Section 80 of the Act, apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid up share capital of the Company.
- 8 The Company may (subject to the Provisions of Section 78, 80, 100 to 105 both inclusive, of the Act) from time to time by Special Resolution reduce its capital, any Capital Redemption Reserve Account or Share Premium Account in any manner for the time being authorized by law, and in particular, capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called upon again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if the were omitted.
- 9 Subject to the provisions of Section 94 of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may from time to time sub-divide or consolidate its shares, or any of them, and the resolution whereby any share is subdivided, may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend, capital or otherwise over or as compared with the other or others. Subject as aforesaid, the Company in General Meeting may also cancel shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- 10 Whenever the Capital is divided into different classes of shares all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act, be modified, commuted, affected or abrogated or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class, provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three-fourths of nominal value of the issued shares of the class or is confirmed by a Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of shares of that class and supported by the votes of the holders of at least three'-fourths of those shares, and all the provisions hereinafter contained as to General Meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such Meeting, but so that the quorum thereof shall be members present in person or by proxy and holding three-fourths of the nominal amount of the issued shares of the class. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if it were omitted.

Provision applicable on the issue redeemable Preference shares

Reduction of Capital

Sub-division consolidation and cancellation of shares

Modification of rights

SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

- 11 The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and index of Members in accordance with Sections 150 and 151 of the Act. The Company shall be entitled to keep in any State or country outside India a branch Register of Members resident in that State or country.
- 12 The shares in the Capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned, no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.
- 13 Where at the time after the expiry of two years from the formation of the Company or at any time after the expiry of one year from theallotment of shares in the Company made for the first time after its formation, whichever is earlier, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by allotment of further shares, either out of the un-issued capital or out of the increased share capital then
 - a. such further shares shall be offered to the persons who on the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion as near as circumstances admit, to the capital paid-up on those shares at the date.
 - b. Such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than thirty days from the date of the offer and the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined.
 - c. The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in sub clause (b) hereof shall contain a statement of this right. PROVIDED that the Directors may decline without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offered to him.
 - d. After the expiry of the time specified in the aforesaid notice or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner as they may think, in their sole discretion, deem fit.
 - 1. Notwithstanding anything contained in the sub-clause (1) thereof, the further shares aforesaid may be offered to any persons (whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) of sub clause (1) hereof) in any manner whatsoever.
 - (i) if a special resolution to that effect is passed by the company in general meeting; or

(ii) where no such special resolution is passed, if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands or on a poll, as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution moved in the general meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of. the Chairman) by members who, being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes if any, cast against the proposal by members so entitled to voting and the Central Government is

Register and index of Members

Shares to be Numbered Progressively And no share to be subdivided

Further issue of capital

satisfied on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf, that the proposal is most beneficial to the Company.

- 2. Nothing in sub-clause (c) of (1) hereof shall be deemed;
 - a. To extend the time within which the offer should be accepted; or
 - b. To authorise any person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time on the ground that the person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
- 3. Nothing in this article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the company caused by the exercise of an option attached to the debenture issued or loan raised by the company:
 - To convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company; or
 - ii. To subscribe for shares in the company(whether such option is conferred in these articles or otherwise)

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term:

- a. Either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans or is in conformity with rules, if any, made by that government in this behalf; and
- b. in the case of debentures or loans or other than debentures issued to or loans obtained from government or any institution specified by the Central Government in this behalf, has also been approved by a special resolution passed by the company in general meeting before the issue of the debentures or raising of the loans.
- 14 subject to the provisions of section 81 of the act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company for the time being shall be under the controls of the directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provision of section 79 of the act) at discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the company in the general meeting to give to any persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the directors think fit , and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered to the company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any persons without the sanction of the company in the general meeting.

Shares at the disposal of the Directors'

- 15 In addition to and without derogating from the powers for the purpose conferred on the Board under Articles 13 and 14, the Company in General Meeting may, subject to the provisions of Section 81 of the Act, determine that any shares (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (whether members or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions-and either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at a discount as such General Meeting shall determine and, with full power to give any person (whether a member or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company, either (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at par or at a discount as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a member or not) the option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such General Meeting of the Company and the General Meeting may make any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares.
- 16 Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any share shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles and every person who, does or otherwise accepts shares and whose name is on the Register shall for the purpose of these Articles, be a member.
- 17 The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any share being made by them require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them shall immediately on the insertion of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.
- 18 Every member, or his heirs, executors or administrators shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times, and in such manner as the Board shall, from time to time in accordance with the Company's regulations, require or fix for the payment thereof.

The power also to company in general meeting to authorize issue of shares

Acceptance of shares

Deposit and call to be a debt payable immediately

Liability of Members

- 19 Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name ,or if the directors so approve(upon paying such fee as the directors may from time to time determine) to several certificates each for one or more of such shares and the company shall complete and have ready for delivery of such certificates within 3 month from the date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide or within 1 month of the receipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission, subdivision or consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be. Every certificates of shares shall be under the seal of the company and shall specify the no. and distinctive nos. of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amt. Paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the directors may prescribe or approve, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons , the company shall not be borne to issue more than one certificates and delivery of a certificate of shares to one of several joint holder shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- 20 If any certificate be worn out , defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer ,then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate ,being given ,a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. Every certificates under the article shall be issued without payment of fees if the directors so decide, or on payment of such fees(not exceeding Rs.2 for each certificates) as the directors shall prescribe, provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced, worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the directors shall comply with such rules or regulations or requirement of any stock exchange or the rules made under Securities contracts (Regulation) Act,1956 or any other act or the rules applicable in this behalf.

The provision of this act shall mutatis mutandis apply to the debentures of the company.

- 21 If any share stands in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall, as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notice and all or any oilier matter connected with the Company, except voting at meetings, be deemed the sole holder thereof, but the joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such shares for all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations.
- 22 Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or as by law required, the Company shall not be bound to recognize any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or (except provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof; but the Board shall be at liberty at their sole discretion to register any share 'in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.

Issue of New Certificate in Place of One Defaced, lost Or Destroyed

The first named joint holder deemed to be sole holder

Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder

- 23 The Company shall have power, subject to and in accordance with all the applicable pro-visions of the Act and the rules made there under, to purchase any of its own fully paid shares or other specified securities whether or not they are redeemable and may make a payment out of its free reserves or securities premium account of the Company or proceeds of any shares or other specified securities provided that no buy back of any kind of shares or other specified securities shall be made out of the proceeds of an earlier issue of the same kind of shares or same kind of other specified securities or from such other sources as may be permitted by Law on such terms, conditions and in such manner as may-be prescribed by the Law from time to time in respect of such purchase.
- 23A Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on the condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing allotment of share, attending(not voting) at the general meeting, appointment of directors and otherwise debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the company in the general meeting by a special resolution.

UNDERWRITING AND BROKERAGE

- 24 Subject to the provisions of Section 76 of the Act, the Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely on conditionally) for any shares in or debentures of the Company, but so that the commission shall not exceed in the case of shares, five per cent of the price at which the shares are issued, and in the case of debentures, two and a half per cent of the price at which the debentures are issued. Such commission may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
- 25 The Company may pay a reasonable sum for brokerage.

INTEREST OUT OF CAPITAL

26 Where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the Construction of any work or building, or the provision of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up, for the period, at the rate and subject to the conditions and restrictions provided by Section 208 of the Act and may charge the same to capital as part of-the cost of construction of the work or building, or the provision of plant.

CALLS

- 27(a) The Board may, from time to time and subject to the terms on which any shares have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by circular resolution) make such call as it thinks fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and at the times and places appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.
 - (b) That option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person

Buy back of Securities by the Company

Brokerage

Directors may make calls.

Commission may be paid except with the sanction of the issuer in general meetings.

28	Fifteen days notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid.	Notice of calls.
29	A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing such call was passed at a meeting of the Board.	Calls to date from resolution.
30	A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.	Calls may be revoked or postponed.
30A	The option or right to call of shares not be given to any person except with the sanction of the company in general meeting.	
31	The joint-holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.	Joint and severally.
32	The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of th members who from residence at a distance or other cause, the Board ma deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member shall be entitled to such extension save as a member of grace and favour.	e extend time. Y
33	If any member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall b liable to pay interest of the same from the day appointed for the paymer thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to tim be fixed by the Board, but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such member.	e <i>interest.</i> It e
34	Any sum, which may by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable of allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these Articles b deemed to be a call duly made and payable, on the date on which by th terms of issue the same becomes payable and in case of non-payment, a the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest an expenses, forfeiture or otherwise, shall apply as if such sum had becom payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.	of be calls. e e II d
35	On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company agains any member or his representatives for the recovery of any money claimed t be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prov that the name of the member, in respect of whose shares, the-money i sought to be recovered appears entered on the Register of Members as th holder, at or subsequently to the date at which the money is sought to b recovered, is alleged to have become due on the shares in respect of suc money is sought to be recovered; that the resolution making the call is dul recorded in the Minute Book; and that notice of such call was duly given t the member or his representatives used in pursuance of these Articles an	o suit for money due on shares. e s e e h y 0

proof of the matter aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

that it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the

- 36 Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member to the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.
- 37 The directors may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions of section 92 of the act, agree to and receive from any member willing to advance the same whole or any part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually ed for, and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the company pay interest at such rate, as the member paying such sum in advance and the directors agree upon provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividend. The directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.

LIEN

- 38 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares (other than fully paid-up shares) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares and no equitable interest in any shares shall be created except upon the footing, and upon the condition that Article 22 hereof is to have full effect. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares shall Operate as a waiver of the Company's. lien, if any, on such shares. The directors may at any time declare any shares wholly or in part to be exempt from the provision of this clause.
- 39 For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they shall think fit, and for that purpose may cause to be issued a duplicate certificate in respect of such shares and may authorize one of their member to execute a transfer thereof on behalf of and in the name of such member. No sale shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have arrived, and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member or his representatives and default shall have been made by him or them in payment, fulfillment, or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for fourteen days after such notice.
- 40 The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the persons entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

FORFEITURE OF SHARE

41 If any member fails to pay any call or installment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same the Board may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, Serve notice on such member requiring him to pay the same, together with

Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture.

Calls in advance.

Company to have lien on shares.

As to enforcing lien by sale.

Application of proceeds of sale.

If call or installment not paid notice may any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been *be given.* incurred by the Company by reason of such non payment.

- 42 The notice shall name a day (not being less Than Thirty days from the date *F* of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or *n* installment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non payment at or before the time, and at the place. appointed the shares in respect of which such call was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.
- 43 If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, any shares in respect of which such notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses, due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to. that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.
- 44 When any shares shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated, by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.
- 45 Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and the Board may sell, re allot or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as think fit.
- 46 The Board may, at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been *F* sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof upon *a* such conditions as it thinks fit.
- 47 A person whose share has been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited share, but shall notwithstanding, remain liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company, all calls, or installment, interest and expenses, owing in respect of such share a t the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon, from the time of forfeiture until payment, at such rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment thereof, to any party thereof, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.
- 48 The forfeiture of a share involve extinction, at the time of the forfeiture, of all interest and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and all other rights, incidental to the share except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.
- 49 A duly verified declaration in writing that the declaring is a Director of the Company, and that certain shares in the Company have been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares and such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration, if any, given for the shares on the sale or disposition thereof shall constitute a good title to such shares; and the person to whom any such share is sold shall be registered as the member in respect of such share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture, sale or disposition.

Form of notice.

If notice not complied with shares may be forfeited.

Notice of forfeiture to a member.

Forfeited share to become property of the company.

Power to annul forfeiture.

Liability on forfeiture.

Effect of forfeiture.

Evidence of forfeiture 50 Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding. Articles, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors, shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons, entitled thereto.

Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- The Company shall keep a book to be called the "Register of Transfers", Register of 51. transfers. and therein shall be fairly and directly entered particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.
- 52. The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all provision of section 108 transfer. of the companies Act ,1956 and statutory modification there of for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof.
- Every such instrument of transfer shall be executed both by transferor and 53. the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof. The Board shall not issue or register a transfer of any share in favour of a minor (except in cases when they are fully paid up).
- 54. The Board shall have power on giving seven days' previous notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating in the district in which the Office of the Company is situated to close the transfer books, the Register of Members or Register of Debenture holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year, as it may deem expedient.
- 55. Subject to the provision of section 111 of the act and section 22A of the securities Contracts(Regulation) Act, 1956, the Directors may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion and by giving reasons decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares whether fully paid or not and the right of refusal, shall not be affected by the circumstances that the proposed transferee is already a member of the company but in such cases ,the director shall within 1month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person indebted to the company on any account whatsoever except when the company has a lien on the shares. Transfer of shares/debentures in whatever lot shall not be refused.

Instruments of

To be executed bv transferor and transferee.

Transfer books when closed.

Directors may refuse to register transfer.

56. Every holder of shares in, or Debentures of the Company. may at any time nominate, in the manner prescribed under the Act, a person to whom his Shares in or Debentures of the Company shall vest in the event of death of such holder.

Where the Shares in, or Debentures of the Company are held by more than one person jointly, the joint holders may together nominate, in the prescribed manner, a person to whom all the rights in the Shares or Debentures of the Company, as the case may be, held by them shall-vest in the event of death of all joint holders.

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise, or in these Articles, in respect of such Shares in or Debentures of the Company, where a nomination made in the prescribed manner purports to confer on any person the right to vest the Shares in, or Debentures of the Company, the nominee shall, on the death of the Shareholders or holder of Debentures of the Company or, as the case may be, on the death of all the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in the Shares or Debentures of the Company to the exclusion of all other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner under the provisions of the Act.

Where the nominee is a minor, it shall be lawful for the holder of the Shares or holder of Debentures to make the nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner under the provisions of the Act, any person to become entitled to the Shares in or Debentures of the Company, in the event of his death, during the minority.

57. Any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the provision of the above Article, upon production of such evidence as may be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either :

a) to be registered himself as holder of the shares or debentures, as the case may be; or

b) to make such transfer of the shares or debentures, as the case may be, as the deceased shareholder or debenture holder, as the case may be, could have made.

If the nominee, so becoming entitled, elects himself to be registered as holder of the Shares or Debentures, as the case may be, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be accompanied with death certificate of the deceased shareholder or debenture holder and the certificate(s) of Shares or Debentures, as the case may be, held by the deceased in the Company.

Subject to the provisions of Section 109B(3) of the Act and these Articles, the Board may register the relevant Shares or Debentures in the name of the nominee of the transferee as if the death of the registered holder of the Shares or Debentures had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that shareholder or debenture holder, as the case may be.

A nominee on becoming entitled to Shares or Debentures by reason of the death of the holder. or joint holders shall be entitled to the same dividend and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the Share or Debenture, except that he shall not before being registered as holder of such Shares or Debentures, be entitled in respect of them to exercise any right conferred on a member or Debenture holder in relation to meetings of the Company.

The Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the Shares or Debentures, and if the notice is not complied with witl1in ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses, interest or other moneys payable or rights accrued or accruing in respect of the relevant Shares or

Transmission in the name of nominee.

Nomination

Debentures, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

- 58. No share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any insolvent or persons of unsound mind.
- 59. Subject to the provisions of articles 56 and 57, any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member, or the marriage of a female member, or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these presents, may with the consent of the Board of Directors (which it shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respects of which he proposes to act under this article of his title, as the holder of the shares or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Board of Directors, registered as such holder, provided nevertheless, that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered he shall testify the election by executing to his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provisions herein contained and until he does so, he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the shares. This Article is referred to in these Articles as the Transmission Article.
- 60. A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends or money as hereinafter provided, be entitled to receives and may give discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share.
- 61. Every instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company dilly stamped for registration accompanied by such evidence as the Board of Directors may require to prove the title of the transferor, his right to transfer the shares and generally under and subject to such conditions and regulations as the Board of Directors shall from time to time prescribe, and every registered instrument of transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by order of the Board of Directors.
- 62. For the purpose of the registration of a transfer, the certificate or certificates of the share or shares to be transferred must be delivered to the Company along with (same as provided in Section 108 of the Act) a properly stamped and executed instrument of transfer.
- 63. No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, Power of attorney or similar other document.
- The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in 64. consequence of its registering or giving effort to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the Prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer, and may have entered such notice, or deferred thereto, in any book of the Company, and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Board of Directors shall so think fit.

No transfer to insolvent etc.

Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer(The transmission article)

Person entitled may receive dividend without being registered as a member.

Transfer to be presented with evidence of title.

Conditions of registration of transfer.

Fee on transfer or transmission.

Company not liable for disregard of a notice in prohibiting registration of transfer.

such With a depository, 'SEBI' means the Securities & Exchange Board of India; established under Section 3 of the Securities & Exchange Board of

DEMATERIALISATION OF SECURITIES

contrary contained in any other Articles.

For the purpose of this Article:

64A

1.

India Act, 1992 and 'Depository' means a company formed and registered under the Companies Act, 1956, and which has been granted a certificate of registration to act as depository under Securities & Exchange Board of India Act, 1992; and wherein the securities of the Company are dealt With in accordance With the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996.

The provisions of this Article shall apply notwithstanding anything to the

'Beneficial Owner' means a person or persons whose name is recorded as

- 2. The Company shall be entitled to dematerialize securities and to offer securities in a dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996.
- 3. Every holder of or subscriber to securities of the Company shall have the option to receive certificates for such securities or to hold the securities with a Depository. Such a person who is the beneficial owner of the securities can at' any time opt out of a depository, if permitted bylaw, in respect of any securities in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required certificates for the Securities.

If a person opts to hold his Securities with the depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the Securities, and on receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the Securities.

- 4. 4. All securities held by a depository shall be dematerialized and be in fungible form. Nothing contained in Sections 153, 153A, 153B, 187B, 187C and 372A of the Act shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by on behalf of the beneficial owners.
- 5. (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of securities of the Company on behalf of the beneficial owner.

(b) Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.

(c) Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner of securities in the record of the depository shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of the securities which are held by a depository and shall be deemed to be a Member of the Company.

- 6. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act or these Articles to the contrary, where securities of the Company are held in a depository, the records of the beneficiary ownership may be served by such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.
- Nothing contained in Section 108 of the Act or these Articles, shall apply to a transfer of securities effected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.

Definitions.

Dematerializati on of Securities

Options for investors.

Securities in depositories to be in fungible form.

Rights of Depositories and beneficial owners.

Service of

Documents.

Transfer of securities.

- 8. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act or these Articles, where securities are dealt with by a depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.
- 9. Nothing contained in the Act or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Company shall apply to securities held with a depository.
- 10. The Register and Index of beneficial owners maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members and Security holders for the purposes of these Articles.

COPIES OF MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES TO BE SENT TO MEMBERS

65. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other documents referred to in Section 39 of the Act shall be sent by the Board to every Member at his request within fifteen days of the request on payment of Re. 1/ - for each copy.

BORROWING POWERS

- 66. The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion subject to the provisions of Section 292 of the Act, raise or borrow, either from the Directors or from elsewhere and secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company; provided that the Board shall not without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting borrow any sum of money which together with money borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate for the time being of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not. set aside for any specific purpose.
- 67. The Board may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in such; manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and I in particular, by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable, debentures or debenture-stock, or any mortgage, or other security on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future including its uncalled capital for the time being.
- 68. Any debentures, debenture-stock, bonds other securities may be issued at a discount and otherwise debentures, debenture-stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities with a right of conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with sanction of the Company in General Meeting.
- 69. Save as provided in Section 108 of the Act, no transfer of debentures shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferor and transferee has been delivered to the Company together with the certificate or certificates of the debentures.
- 70. If the Board refuses to register the transfer of any debentures, the Company N shall, within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and to the transferor

Allotment of securities dealt with in a depository.

Distinctive number of securities held in a Depository.

Register and index of Beneficial Owners.

Copies of Memorandum and articles of Associations sent by the company.

Power to borrow.

Conditions on which money may be borrowed.

Issued at discounts etc. with special privileges.

Instrument of transfer.

Notice of refusal to register members. the notice of such refusal.

- 71. The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 143 of the Act of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company, and shall cause the requirements of Sections 118 and 125 and 127 to 144, both inclusive of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with, so far as they are ought to be complied with by the Board.
- 72. The Company shall, if at any time it issues debentures, keep Register and Index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section 152 of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any State or Country outside India a Branch Register of Debenture-holders, resident in that State or Country.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK AND RECONVERSION

- 73. The Company in General Meeting may convert any paid-up shares into stock; and when any shares shall have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer their respective interest therein, or any part of such interest, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as, and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might have been transferred, if no such conversion had taken place or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. The Company may at any time re-convert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
- 74. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends and voting at the meetings of the Company, and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privileges or advantages (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets of winding-up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

MEETING OF MEMBERS

75. The company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. All General Meetings other than Annual General Meeting shall be Extraordinary General Meetings. The first Annual General Meeting shall be held within eighteen months from the date of incorporation of the company and the next Annual General Meeting shall be held within six months after the expiry of the financial year in which the first Annual General Meeting was held and thereafter an Annual General Meeting of the Company shall be held within six months after the expiry of each financial year, provided that not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred upon the Registrar under the provisions of Section 166(1) of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for on a time during business hours, on a day that is not a public holiday, and shall be held in the office of the company or at some other place within the city in which the office of the Company is situated as the Board may determine and the Notices calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. The Company may in anyone Annual General Meeting fix the time for its subsequent Annual General Meeting. Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall be entitled to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business,

Register of mortgages etc. to be kept.

Register and index of debenture holders.

Shares may be converted to stock.

Rights of stock holders.

Annual General Meeting Summary. concerns him as Auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report (if not already attached in the Audited statement of Accounts) the proxy Register with proxies and the Register of Directors' Share holdings of which latter Register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting. The Board shall cause to be prepared the Annual List of Members, summary of the Share Capital, Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account and forward the same to the Registrar in accordance with Sections 159, 161 and 220 of the Act.

- 76. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting and it shall do so upon a requisition in writing by any member or members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital as at the date carries the right of voting in regard to the matter in respect of which the requisition has been made.
- 77. Any valid requisition so made by members must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called and must be signed by the requisitionists and be deposited at the office provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in file form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- 78. Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and if they do not proceed within twentyone days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the office to cause a meeting to be called on a day not later than forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the requisitionists, or such of their number as represents either a majority in value of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in Section 169(4) of the Act, which ever is less, may themselves call the meeting, but in either case, any meeting so called shall be held within three months from the date of the delivery of the requisition as aforesaid.
- 79. Any meeting called under the foregoing Articles by the requisitionists shall be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board.
- Twenty-one days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Annual or 80. Extraordinary and by whosoever called, specifying the day, place and hour of meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat, shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided, to such persons as are under these Articles entitled to receive notice from the Company. Provided that in the case of an Annual General Meeting with the consent in writing of all the members entitled to vote thereat and in the case of any other meeting, with the consent of members holding not less than 95 percent of such part of the paid up share capital of the Company as gives a right to vote at the meeting any be convened by a shorter notice. In the case of an Annual General Meeting, if any business other than (i) the consideration of the Accounts, Balance Sheets and Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors (ii) the declaration of dividend, (iii) the appointment of Directors in place of those retiring (iv) the appointment of and fixing of remuneration of the Auditors, is proposed to be transacted then in that event there shall be annexed to the notice of the Meeting a statement setting out all materials facts concerning each such item of business including, in particular, the nature of concern or interest, if any, therein of every director, and the Manager (if any). Where any such item of special business relates to or affects any other Company, the extent of shareholding interest in other company of every Director and the Manager, if any, of the Company shall

Extraordinary General Meeting.

Regulation of the Members to state object of meeting.

On receipt of requisitions Directors to call meeting and in default requisitinists may do so.

Meeting called by requistionist.

Twenty one days notice of meeting to be given. also be set out in the Statement if the extent of such share holding interest is not less than 20 percent of the paid-up share capital of that other company Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in ' the statement aforesaid.

- 81. The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any of the members, or the non receipt thereof, shall not invalidate the holding of the meeting or any resolution passed at any such meeting.
- 82. No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.
- 83. Five members present in person shall be quorum for a General Meeting.
- 84. A body corporate being a member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with Section 187 of the Act.
- 85. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Company, a quorum shall not be present, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of members shall stand dissolved, but in any other case the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or, if that day is a public holiday, until the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such oilier time and place in the city or town in which the office of the Company is for the time being situate as the Board may determine and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall be quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
- 86. The Chairman (if any) of the Board shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If' there be no such Chairman of the Board, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall be unable or unwilling to take the Chair, then the directors present may choose one of their member to be the Chairman of the meeting. If no director be present or if all the directors present decline to take the chair, then the Members present shall elect one of their number to be Chairman.
- 87. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman, while the chair is vacant.
- 88. The Chairman with the consent of the members may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place in the city in which it is held but, no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business, left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- 89. At any General Meeting a resolution put to vote at the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by at least five members having the right to vote on the resolution and present in person or by proxy, or by the Chairman of the Meeting or by any member or members holding not less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution or by

Omissions to give notice and to invalidate a resolution passed.

Meeting not to transact business not mentioned in notice.

Quorom of General Meeting.

If quorom not present meeting to be dissolved or adjourned.

Chairman of general meeting.

Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting.

Questions at general meeting decided.
any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote on the resolution, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid-up on all the shares conferring that right, and unless a poll is demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands, been carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

- 90. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall, both on a show of hands and at a poll (if any), have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.
- 91. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, the same shall, subject to Article 89 be taken at such time (not later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made) and place in the city or town in which the Office of the Company is for the time being situate and either by open voting or by ballot, as the Chairman shall direct, and either at once or after an interval or adjournment or otherwise, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.
- 92. Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two 5crutineers to scrutinize the vote given on the poll and to report thereon to him. One of the scrutinizers so appointed shall always be a member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting provided such member is available and willing to be appointed. The Chairman shall have power at any time before the result of the poll is declared to remove a Scrutinizer from office and fill vacancies in the office of Scrutinizer from such removal or from any other cause.
- 93. Any poll duly demanded on the election of Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting forthwith.
- 94. The demand for a poll except on the questions of the election of the Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTE OF MEMBERS

- 95. No member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy, at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders, either upon a show of hands or upon. a poll in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or, in regard to which the Company has, and has exercised any right of lien.
- 96. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the Capital of the Company, every member not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every member present in person. shall have one vote and upon a poll the voting fights of every member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his shares of the paid-up equity share capital of the

Chairman's casting vote.

Poll if be taken if demanded

Scrutineers at poll

In what case poll taken without adjournment.

Demand of poll not to prevent transaction of other business.

Members in arrears not to vote.

Number of vote which a person entitled. Company. Provided, however, if any preference share-holder be present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 87, he shall have a right to vote only on resolutions placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares.

- 97. On a poll taken at meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he used or may abstain from voting.
- 98. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian; and any such committee or guardian may, on poll vote by proxy, if any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian, or any of his guardians, if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the meeting.
- 99. If there be joint holders of any shares, anyone of such person may vote at any meeting or may appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto by the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and, if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting that one of the said persons so present whose name stands higher on the Register shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint-holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name shares stand shall for the purpose of these Articles to be deemed joint holders thereof.
- 100. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A body corporate being a member may vote either by a proxy or by a representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 187 of the Act, and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the rights to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as the body could exercise if it were an individual member.
- 101. Any person entitled under Article 60, to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner, as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty eight hours atleast before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.
- 102. Every proxy (whether a member or not) shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation under the common seal of such corporation, or be signed by an officer or any attorney duly authorised by it, and any Committee or guardian may appoint such proxy. The proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.

Casting on votes by a member entitled more than one vote.

How members noncomposmentia and minor may vote.

Vote of joint holders.

Voting in person or by proxy.

Votes in respect of shares of deceased and insolvent members.

Appointment of proxy.

- 104. A member present by proxy shall be entitled to vote only on a poll.
- 105. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office not later than forty eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. 'No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.
- 106. Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise *Form of proxy.* shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in any of the forms set out in Schedule IX of the Act.
- 107. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal, or revocation of the proxy of any power of attorney under which such proxy was signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting.
- 108. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at any meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.
- 108.A Notwithstanding any thing contained in the foregoing, the company shall *p* transact such business, as may be specified by the Central Government fro *r* resolution will be passed by postal ballot the company shall, in addition to the requirements of giving requisite clear days notice, send to all the members the following:

i) Draft resolution and relevant explanatory statement clearly explaining the reasons thereof.

ii) Postal ballot for giving assent or dissent, in writing by members: and iii) Postage prepaid envelope (by Registered Post) for communicating assents or dissents on the postal ballot to the company wit!) a request to the members to send their communications within 30 days from The date of dispatch of Notice.

The Company shall also follow such procedure, for conducting vote by I postal ballot and for ascertaining the assent or dissent, as may be prescribed by the Act and the relevant Rules made there under.

109. The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be. the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

Proxy either for specified meeting or a period.

Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of member.

Time for objection of votes.

Passing of resolution by postal ballot.

Chairman of meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote. 110. (1) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting to be kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned, entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

Meetings of General Meeting and inspection thereof by members.

(2) Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of such meeting in such books shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or liability of that Chairman within that period, by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.

(3) In no case the minutes of proceedings of a meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.

(4) The minutes of each meetings shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.

(5) All appointments of Officers made at any meeting aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meetings.

(6) Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the 'Chairman of the meeting :-

(a) is or could reasonably be regarded, as, defamatory of any person or

(b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceeding, or

(c) is detrimental to the interest of the Company.

The Chairman of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds.

(7) Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

(8) The book containing the minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open during business hours for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as' the Directors determine, to the inspection of any member without charge.

DIRECTORS

111. 1.Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 252 of the Act, the number of Directors (excluding Debenture and Alternate Directors, (if any) shall not be less than three nor more than twelve.

2. The first Directors of the Company were the following

- i) Sri. Rajesh Agarwal
- ii) Smt. Sanju Agarwal
- iii) Smt. Ramdulari Agarwal
- iv) Smt. Seema agarwal
- v) Smt Sangita Agarwal

Power to appoint ex-officio directors.

- 112. If at any time the Company obtains any loan or any assistance in connection there with by way of guarantee or otherwise from any person, firm, body corporate, local authority or public body (hereinafter called "the institution") or if at any time the Company issues any shares, debentures and enters into any contract or arrangement with the institution, whereby the institution subscribes for or underwrites the issue of the Company's shares or debentures or provides any assistance to the Company in any manner and it is a term of the relative loan, assistance, contract or agreement that the institution shall have the right to appoint one or more directors to the Board of the Company, then subject to the provisions of Section 225 of the Act and subject to the terms and conditions of such loan, assistance, contract or arrangement, the institution shall be entitled to appoint one or more director or Directors, as the case may be, to the Board of the Company and to remove from office any director so appointed and to appoint another in his place or in the place of Director so appointed who resigns or otherwise vacates his office. Any such appointment or removal shall be made in writing and shall be served at the office of the Company. The director or directors so appointed shall neither be required to hold any gualification share nor be liable to retire by rotation and shall continue in the office for so long as the relative loan, assistance, contract or arrangement, , as the case may be, subsists.
- 113. If it is provided by the Trust Deed, securing or otherwise in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company, that any person or persons shall have power to nominate a Director of the Company, then in the case of any and every such issue of debenture, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom for the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another Director maybe appointed in his place. A Debenture Director shall not be allowed to hold any qualification share.
- 113.A If the Company at any time have a minimum paid up capital of Rupees Five Crore or such sum as may be prescribed and at least one thousand or more small shareholders, then the company may, suomotu or upon requisition of not less than one tenth of the total number of small shareholders, proceed to appoint a nominee from amongst small shareholders as a Director of the Company. The small 'shareholders' director shall before his appoint, file his consent, to act as a Director, in writing to the Company and the tenure of such appointment shall be three years at a time without retirement by rotation, but shall be eligible for reappointment for tenure. He shall, however, not be appointed as Managing Director or Whole Time Director under any circumstances and shall be subject to same disqualifications and shall vacate his office on the same grounds as are applicable to other Directors, in pursuance of these Articles. The company shall follow such Rules as may be prescribed by the Central Govt. in this behalf.

No small shareholders' director appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Article shall hold office at the same time as "small shareholders' director" in more than two companies.

114. The Board may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from the State in which the meetings of the

Restrictions on directorship.

Appointment of alternate directors. Board are ordinarily held. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office of the Original Director when he returns to that State. If the terms of office of the Original Director are determined before he so retuns to that state, any provisions in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of any retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

- 115. Subject to the provisions of Sections 260 and 264 of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be an Additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum 12 fixed under the Article 111. Any such Additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting.
- 116. Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, a Director shall not be required to hold any shares in the capital of the Company as his qualification.
- 117. Without prejudice to the restrictions imposed by Section 226 of the Act, a Director who is required to hold qualification shares may act as a Director before acquiring such shares but shall, if he is not already qualified, obtain his qualification, and every Director other than a Director appointed by the Central or a State Government shall file with the Company a, declaration specifying the qualification shares held by him within two months from his appointment as a director.
- 118. Subject to the provisions of Section 262, 264 and 284(6) of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy Any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.
- 119. (1) Subject to the provisions *of* the Act, a Managing Director, or Managing Directors or Director who is/are in the whole-time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by way of a monthly payment or at a specified percentage *of* the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.

(2) Subject to the provisions *of* the Act, a Director who is neither in the whole time employment nor a Managing Director, may be paid remuneration either.

(i) by way *of* monthly, quarterly or annual payment with the approval *of* the Central Government, or

(ii) by way of commission if the Company by a special resolution authorized such payment.

(3) The fees payable to a Director (including a Managing or whole-time Director, if any), for attending a. Meeting *of* the Board or Committee thereof may be in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section *309 of* the Act or such other sum as the Company in General Meeting may from time-to time determine.

120. The Board may allow any pay to any director who is not a bonafide resident of the place where the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held and who shall come to such place for the purpose of attending any meeting, such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for traveling, boarding, lodging and other expenses, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified; and if any Director be called upon to go or resided out of the ordinary place of his residence on the Company's

Directors power to add to the Board or the appointment of Additional director.

Share qualification of directors.

Directors can act before acquiring qualification.

Director's power to fill casual vacancies.

Remuneration of Directors.

Reimbursement of expenses to Directors for attending meeting of the Board. business, he shall be entitled to be _ repaid and reimbursed any traveling or other expenses incurred in connection with business *of* the Company.

- 121. 121. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body but if, and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by the Article 111 hereof, the continuing Directors not being less than three, may act for the purpose *of* increasing the number *of* directors to that number or for summoning a General Meeting but for no other purpose.
- 122. (1) The office of a Director shall ipso facto be vacated if :-

(a) he fails to obtain within the time specified in sub-section (1) of Section 270 *of* the Act, or at any time thereafter ceases to hold, the share qualification, if any necessary for his appointment; or

(b) he is found to be of unsound mind by a Court *of* competent jurisdiction; or

(c) he applies to be adjudicated an insolvent;

(d) or he is adjudged insolvent; or

(e) he is convicted by a Court in India *of* any offence and is sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months; or

(f) he fails to pay any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, within six months from the last date fixed for the payment of the call; or

(g) he absents from three consecutive meetings of the Board or from all meetings *of* the Board for a continuous period *of* three months, whichever is the longer, without obtaining leave of absence from the Board; or

(h) he or any firm of which he is a partner or any private company of which he isa director, accepts a loan, or any guarantee or security for a loan, from the Company in contravention of Section 295 *of* the Act; or

(i) he acts in contravention of Section 299 of the Act; or

(j) he has been removed from office in pursuance of Section 203 of the $\mbox{Act};$ or

(k) by notice in writing to the Company that he resigns his office; or

(I) any office or place of profit under the Company or under any subsidiary of the Company is held in contravention of Section 314 of the Act and by operation of that Section he is deemed to vacate the office.

(2) Notwithstanding any matter or thing in sub-clauses (d), (e) and (j) of clause (1), the disqualification referred to in those sub-clauses shall not take effect

(a) for thirty days from the date of adjudication sentence or order; or

(b) where an appeal or petition is preferred within the thirty days aforesaid against the adjudication, sentence or conviction resulting in the sentence, or order until the expiry of seven days from the date on which such appeal or petition is disposed of; or

(c) Where within the seven days aforesaid any further appeal or petition is preferred in respect of the adjudication, sentence, conviction or order, and the appeal or petition, if allowed, would result in the removal of the disqualification until such further appeal or petition is disposed of.

Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies.

Vacation of office of director.

123. (1) A Director or his relative, a firm in which such Director or relative is a partner, or any other partner in such firm or a private company of which the Director is a member or a private company of which the Company is a member or director, may enter into any contract with Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials, or services or for underwriting the subscription of any shares in, or debentures of the Company, provided that the sanction of the Board is obtained before or within three months of the date on which the contract is entered into in accordance with Section 297 of the Act.

(2) No sanction shall, however, be necessary for

(a) any purchase of goods and materials from the Company, or the sale of the goods or materials to the Company, by any such director, relative, firms partner or private company as aforesaid for cash at prevailing market prices; or

(b) any contract or contracts between the Company on one side and any such Director, relative, firm, partner or private company on the other side for sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials and services in which either the Company or the director, relative, firm, partner or private company, as the case may be, regularly trades or does business, where the value of the goods and materials or the, cost of such services does not exceed Rs. 5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand only) in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract or contracts.

Provided that in the circumstances of urgent necessity, a Director, relative, firm, partner or private company as aforesaid may 'without obtaining the consent of the Board enter into any such contract with the Company for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, materials or services even if the value of such goods or the cost of such services exceeds Rs. 5,000/(Rupees Five Thousand only) in the aggregate in any year comprised in the period of the contract and the consent of the Board shall be obtained to such contract or contracts at a meeting within three months of the date on which the contract was entered into.

- 124. A director of the Company who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the company, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board in the. manner provided in Section 299(2) of the Act; provided that it shall not be necessary for a Director to disclose his concern or interest in any contract or arrangement entered into or. to be entered into with any other company where any of the Directors of the Company either himself or along with his relatives holds or hold two per cent of the paid-up share capital in any such other company.
- 125. A General Notice given to the Board by the Directors, to the effect that he is a director or member of a specified body corporate or is a member of a specified firm and is to be regarded as concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into with that body corporate or firm, shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made. Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given but may be renewed for a further period of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given in the last month of the financial year in which it would have otherwise expired of such general notice and no renewal thereof, shall be of effect unless it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.

Director may contract with company.

Disclosure of interest.

General notice of interest. 126. No director shall as Director take any part in the discussion of, or vote on any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company, if he is in any way whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in such contract or arrangement; nor shall his presence count for the purpose of forming a quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote; and if he does vote, his vote shall be void; provided however, that nothing herein contained shall apply to :

(a) any contract of indemnity against any loss which the Directors or any one or more of them, may suffer by reason of becoming or being sureties or a surety for the Company.

(b) any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into with a public company or a private company which is a subsidiary of a public company in which the interest *of* the Director consists solely :

(i) in his being:

(a) a director in such company, and

(b) the holder of not more than shares of such number or value therein as is requisite to qualify him for appointment as a Director thereof, he having been nominated as such Director by the Company

or

(ii) in his being a member holding not more than 2% of its paid-up share capital.

- 127. The Company shall keep a Register in accordance with Section 301(1)-and shall within the time specified in section 301 (2) enter therein such of the particulars as may be relevant having regard to the application thereto of Section 297 or Section 299 of the Act as the case may be. The Register aforesaid shall also specify, in relation to each Director of the Company the names of the bodies corporate and firms of which notice has been given by him under Article 125. The Register shall be kept at the office of the company and shall be open to inspection at such office, and extracts maybe taken there from and copies thereof in the same manner, and on payment of the same fee as in the case of the Register of Members of the Company and the provision of Section 163 of the Act shall apply accordingly.
- 128. A Director may be or become a director of any company promoted by the Company or "in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder, or otherwise, and no such director shall be accountable for any benefits received as director or shareholder of such company except in so far as Section 209(6) or Section 314 of. The Act may" "be applicable.
- 129. 129. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company, one-third if such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.
- 130. 130. Subject to Section 256(2) of the Act, the Directors to retire by rotation under Article 129 at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in the office since their last appointment, but as between persons who became directors on the same day, those who are to retire, shall, in default of, and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.

Interested director not to participate or vote in Board's proceeding

Register of contracts in which directors are interested.

Directors may be directors of companies promoted by the company.

Retirement and rotation of directors.

Ascertainment of Directors retiring by rotation and filling of vacancies.

- 131. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.
- 132. Subject to Sections 258 and 259 of the Act, the Company at the General Meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid may fill up the vacated office" by electing a person thereto.
- 133. (a) If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up and the meeting has not expressly, resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned until the same day in the next week, at the same time and place.

(b) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place" of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be so deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned meeting, unless:

(i) at that meeting or at the previous meeting the resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the meting and lost;

(ii) the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board expressed his unwillingness to be so reappointed;

(iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;

(iv) a resolution whether special or ordinary, is required for the appointment or reappointment by virtue of any provisions of the Act; or(v) the provision to sub-section (2) of Section 263 of the Act is applicable to the case.

- 134. Subject to Section 259 of the Act, the Company may, by Ordinary Resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of directors, and may after their qualifications the Company (subject to the provisions of Section 284 of the Act) remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold Office during. such time as the director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.
- 135. (1) No person not being a retiring Director, shall be eligible for appointment to the office of director at any General Meeting unless he or some member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office.

(2) Every person (other than a director retiring by rotation or otherwise or a person who has left at the office of the Company a notice under Section 257 or. the Act signifying his candidature for the office of a Director) proposed as a candidate for the office of a Director, shall sign and file with the Company, the consent in writing to act as a Director, if appointed.

(3) A person other than a Director reappointed after retirement by rotation of immediately on the expiry of his term of office, or an Additional or Alternate Director, or a person filling a casual vacancy in the office of a Director under Section 262 of the Act, appointed as a Director or reappointed as an Additional or Alternate Director, immediately on the expiry of his term of office, shall not act as a Director of the Company unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act as such Director.

Retiring Director eligible for re election

Filling up of vacancies at general meeting.

Provisions for default of appointment.

Company may increase or reduce the number of directors.

Notice of candidate for office of directors except in certain cases. 136. (a) The Company shall keep at its office a Register containing the particulars of its Directors, Managers, Secretaries and other persons mentioned in Section 303 of the Act and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.

(b) The Company shall in respect of each of its Directors also keep at its office a Register, as required by Section 307 of the Act, and shall otherwise duly comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.

137. (a) Every Director (including a person deemed to be a Director by virtue of the Explanation to sub-section (1) of Section 303 of the Act, Managing Director, Manager, or Secretary of the Company, shall within twenty days of his. appointment to any of the above offices in any other body corporate, disclose to the Company the particulars relating to .his office in the other body which are required to be specified under sub-section (1) of Section 303 of the Act.

(b) Every Director and every person deemed to be a Director of the Company by virtue of sub-section (10) of Section 307 of the Act, shall give notice to the Company of such matters relating to himself as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling the Company to comply with the provision of that section.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

- 138. Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Board shall have power to appoint from time to time any of its member or members as Managing Director or Managing Directors of the Company for fixed term not exceeding five years at a time and upon such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit and subject to the provisions of Article 140, the Board may by resolution vest in such Managing Director or Managing Directors such of the powers hereby vested in the Board generally as it thinks fit, and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods and upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions as it may determine. The remuneration of a Managing Director may be by way of monthly. payment, fee for each meeting or participation in profits, or by any or all these modes, or any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act.
- 139. The Managing Director or Managing Directors shall not exercise the powers to:

(a) make calls on share holders in respect of money unpaid on the shares in the Company.

(b) issue debentures; and except to the extent mentioned in the resolution passed at the Board meeting under Section 292 of the Act, shall also not exercise the powers to;

(c) borrow moneys, otherwise than on debentures;

(d) invest the funds of the Company, and

(e) make loans.

Register of Directors etc.and notification of charge to Registrar.

Disclosure by directors of appointment only in other body corporate.

Disclosure by a Director of his holding of share and debenture of company etc.

Board may appoint Managing Director or Managing Directors.

Restriction on Management.

31

- 140. The Company shall not appoint or employ, or continue the appointment or employment of a person as its Managing or whole-time Director who
 - (a) is an discharged insolvent, or has at any time been adjudged as insolvent:
 - (b) suspends, or has at any time suspended payment to his creditors, or makes, or has at any time made a composition with them; or
 - is, or has, at any time been convicted by a Court of an (c) offence involving moral turpitude.
- A Managing Director shall not while he continues to hold that office be 141. subject to the retirement by rotation, in accordance with Article 129. If he ceases to hold the office of Director, he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 142. The Directors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of business from time to time, and shall so meet at least once in every three months and at least four such meetings shall be held in every year. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- 143. Notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India, and at his usual address in India; to every other Director.
- 144. The Secretary shall, as and when directed by the Directors to do so convene a, meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every other Director.
- The Board shall appoint a Chairman of its meetings and determine the 145. period for which he is to hold office. If no Chairman is appointed, or if it any meeting of the Board the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed, for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their member to be the Q1.airman of such meeting.
- Quorum. 146. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be determined from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Section 287 of the Act. If a quorum shall not be present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Board it shall be adjourned until such date and time as the Chairman of the Board shall appoint.
- 147. A meeting of the Board of which a quorum be present shall be competent to exercise all or any of t11e aut110rities, powers and discretions by or under these Articles for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board.
- 148. Subject to t11e provisions of Sections 316, 327(4) and 386 of the Act, questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of any equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Managing Director Special position of . Managing

Director.

Meetings of Directors.

Notice of Meetina.

When meeting to be convened.

Chairman

Exercise of powers to be valid in meetings where quorum is present.

Matter to be decided on majority of votes.

Certain persons appointed.

- 149. The Board may subject to t11e provisions of the Act, from time to time and at any time delegate any of its powers to a committee consisting of such Director or Directors as it thinks fit, and may from time to time revoke such delegation. Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulation that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.
- 150. The meetings and the proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so for as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Board under the Article 149.
- 151. Save in those case where a resolution is required by Sections 262, 292,297,316,372(4) and 386 of the Act, to be passed at a meeting of the Board, a resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed a t a meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board, as the case may be, duly called and constituted, if a draft thereof in writing is circulated, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee of the Board, as the case may be, then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for a meeting of the Board or Committee, as the case may be) and to all other Directors, or members of the Committee, at their usual address in India, and has been approved by such of them as are then in India, or by a majority of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution.
- 152. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board or by any person acting as a Director shall notwit11standing that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director and had not vacated his office or his appointment had not been terminated; provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have been terminated.
- 153. (1) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every meeting of the Board and Committee thereof to be kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting entries thereof in the books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

(2) Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.

(3) In no case shall the minutes of proceedings of a meeting be attached to any such book as aforesaid by a pasting or otherwise.

Power to appoint committee and a delegate.

Proceeding of committee.

Resolution without Board Meeting.

Acts of Board Committee valid notwithstanding formal appointment.

Minutes of proceedings of meeting of Board. (4) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summery of the proceedings thereat.

(5) All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meetings.

(6) The minutes shall also contain.

(a) the names of the Directors present at the meeting; and

(b) in the case of each resolution passed at the meeting the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.

(7) Nothing contained in sub-clause (1) to (6) shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting:

- (a) is, or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person.
- (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or

(c) is detrimental to the interest of the Company.

The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this sub-clause.

(8) Minutes of meetings kept in accordance with the aforesaid provisions shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

154. The Board may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts, and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act, or by the Memorandum, or by the Articles of the Company, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting subject nevertheless to these Articles, to the provisions of the Act, or any other Act and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made. Provided that the Board shall not, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting:

(a) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole, or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole, or substantially the whole of any such undertaking.

(b) remit, or give time for the repayment of any debt due by a Director.

(c) invest, otherwise than in trust securities, the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition of any such undertaking as is referred to in clause (a), or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which !t cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time.

(d) borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), will exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves - that is to say, reserve not set apart for any specific purpose. Provided further that the powers specified in Section 292 of the Act shall, subject to these Articles, be exercised only at meetings of the Board, unless the same be delegated to the extent there in stated; or

(e) contribute to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees, any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed twenty-five thousand rupees or five per cent of its average net profits as determined in accordance with the provisions of Sections 349 and 350 of the Act during the three financial years immediately preceding, whichever is greater.

155. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Article, it is hereby declared that the Directors shall have the following powers; that is to say, power

(1) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.

(2) To pay any charge to the capital account of the Company and Commission or interest lawfully payable thereout under the provisions of Sections 76 and 208 of the Act.

(3) Subject to Sections 292.and 297 of the Act to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit and in any such purchase or other acquisition to accept such title as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory;

(4) At their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act to pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially, in shares, bonds, debentures, mortgages, or other securities of the Company, and such shares may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged;

Absolute powers of Board in certain cases. (5) To secure the fulfillment of any contracts or engagement entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the firm being or in such manner as they may think fit;

(6) To accept from any member, as far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed;

(7) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the Company and property belonging to the Company, in which it is interested, or for any other purposes; and execute such deeds and do all such things as may be required in relation to any trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees;

(8) To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claim or demands by or against the Company and to refer any differences to arbitration, and observe and, perform any awards made thereon;

(9) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents;

(10) To make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company;

(11) Subject to the provisions of Sections 292, 295, 370 and 372 of the Act, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof upon such security (not being shares of this Company), or without security and in such manner as they think fit, and from time to time to vary the size of such investments. Save as provided in Section 49 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name;

(12) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability' whether as principal or surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present or future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon.

(13) To determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividends, warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose;

(14) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the Company, share or shares in the profits of the Company, and to give to any officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction; and to charge such bonus or commission as part of the working expenses of the Company;

(15) To provide for the welfare of Directors or ex-Directors or employees or ex-employees of the Company and their wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or by grants of money, pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments, or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions; funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instructions and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit; and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation, or of public and general utility or otherwise;

(16) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they may think proper for depreciation or to Depreciation Fund, or to an Insurance Fund, or as a Reserve Fund, or Sinking fund, or any Special Fund to meet contingencies or to repay Debentures or Debenture stock, or for special dividends or for equalized dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the property of the Company _d for such other- purpose (including the purposes referred to in the preceding clause), as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interest of the Company, and subject to Section. 292 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as required to be invested upon such investments.(other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of any apply and expand all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, in such manner and for such purpose as the Board in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest o(the Company, notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same, or. any part thereof, - may be matters to or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or exp&J1ded; and to divide the Reserve Fund into such special Funds as the Board may think fit, with. full power to transfer the whole ,or any portion of a Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund to another Reserve Fund or division, of a Reserve Fund and with full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the above Funds, including the Depreciation Fund, in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of Debentures or debenture-stock, and without being bound to keep the same, separate from the other assets , and without being bound to pay interest on the same with power, however, to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit-of such funds interest at such rate as the Board may think proper;

(17) Subject to the provisions of the Act to appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend such general managers, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisor, clerks, agents and servants of permanent, temporary or special services as they may for time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and fix their salaries or emoluments or remuneration, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they may think fit. Also, from time to time provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India, or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit; and the provisions contained in the four next following sub-clauses shall be without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this sub-clause.

(18) To comply with the requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall, in the interest of the Company, be necessary of expedient of comply with;

(19) From time to time and at any time to establish any Local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to the members of such Local Boards and to fix their remuneration;

(20) Subject to Section 292 & 293 of the Ac_ from time to time and at any time, delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in the Board, other than their power to make calls or to make loans or borrow or moneys, and to authorize the Members for the time being of any such Local Board, or any of them to fill up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation .may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation.

(21) At any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretion (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the powers to make calls and excluding also, except in their limits authorized by the Board, the power to make loans and borrow moneys) and for' such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit; and any such appointment may (if the Board thinks fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the Members of any Local Board, established as aforesaid or .in favour of any company, or the share holders, directors, nominees or managers of any company. or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly by the Board and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorneys as the Board may think fit and may contain powers enabling any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them; (22) Subject to Sections 294, 294A, 297 and 300 of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company to enter into all such contracts, and to execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient;

(23) Subject to the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, the Board may pay such remuneration to Chairman/Vice Chairman of the Board upon such conditions as they may think fit.

THE SECRETARY

Secretary

156. The Directors may from time to time appoint, and at their discretion, remove the Secretary provided that where the Board comprises only three Directors, neither of them shall be the Secretary. The Secretary appointed by the directors pursuant to this Article shall be a whole-time Secretary. The Directors may also at any time appoint some person, who need not be Secretary, to keep the registers required to be kept by the Company.

THE SEAL

157. (a) The Board shall provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company, and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new Seal in lieu thereof and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given.(b) The Company shall also be at liberty to have an official Seal in

accordance with Section 50 of the Act, for use in any territory, district or place outside India.

158. Every Deed or other instrument, to which the seal of the Company is required' to be affixed, shall unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney, be signed by two Directors or one Director and Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose, provided that in respect of the Share Certificate, the Seal shall be affixed in accordance with the Article 19(a).

DIVIDENDS

- 159. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorized to be created by these Articles, and subject to the provisions of these Articles shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid-up on the shares held by them respectively.
- 160. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends to be paid to members according to their respective rights, but no dividend shall exceed thee amount recommended by the Board, but the company in general meeting may declare a smaller dividend.
- 161. No dividend shall be declared or paid otherwise than out of the profits of the financial year arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance, with the provisions of Section 205 of the Act or out of the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with these provisions and remaining undistributed or out of both, provided that;

(a) if the Company has not provided for depreciation for any previous financial year or years, it shall, before declaring or paying a dividend for any financial year, provide for such depreciation out of the profits of the financial year or years.

(b) if the Company has incurred any loss in any previous financial year or years, the amount of the loss or any amount which is equal to the amount provided for depreciation for that year or those years whichever is less, shall be set off against the profits of the company for the year for which the dividend is proposed to be declared or paid or against the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at in both cases after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of Section 205 of the Act, or against both.

162. The Board may, from time to time, pay to the Members such interim dividend as in their judgment, the position of the Company justifies.

The seal its custody and use.

Division of profits.

The company in general meeting may declare a dividend.

Dividend only to be paid out of profits.

Interim Dividend.

Calls in advance 163. Where capital is paid in advance of calls, such capital may carry interest not to carry but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or participate in riahts to profits. participate in profits. 164. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the Payment of pro rata dividend. amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly. 165. The Board may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of Dividend to be kept in which any person is under the Article 60 entitled to become a member or abeyance. which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer; until such a person shall become a member, in respect of such shares or duly transfer the same. Receipts for 166. Anyone of several person who are registered as joint-holders of any share dividends may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payments on account of dividends or bonus or other moneys payable in respect of such shares. Deduction of 167. No member shall be entitled to receive payments of any interest or money owed to dividend in respect of his share or shares, while any money may be due the company. or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any member all sums of money so due from him to the Company. Rights to 168. A transfer of share shall not pass the right to any dividend declared dividend where thereon before the registration of the transfer. shares transferred 169. Unless otherwise directed, any dividend may be paid by cheque or Manner of paying dividend. warrant or by a pay-slip or receipt having the force of a cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled or in case of joint-holders to that one of them first named in the Register in respect of the joint-holdings. Every such cheque or Warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or Warrant or pay-slip or receipt lost in transmission, or for any dividend lost to the member of person entitled thereto by the forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant or the forged signature of any pay-slip or receipt or the fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means. 170. No unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board unless the claim Non forfeiture of unclaimed thereto becomes barred by law and the company shall comply with the dividend. provision of Sections.205A and 205C of the Act in respect of all unclaimed or unpaid dividends. Dividend may be 171. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may, on the recommendation set off against of the Directors, make a call on the members of such amount as the

40

meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and

the member, be set off against the calls.

calls.

171A. Where the company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or dividend warrant in respect thereof has not been posted within 30 days from the date of declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the company shall with in 7 days from the date of the expiry of said period of 30 days open a special A/C in that behalf in any scheduled bank called "Unpaid dividend of ARSS INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS LIMITED "and transfer to the said account the total amount of unpaid dividend or where no dividend warrant has been posted. Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remains unpaid/unclaimed for a period of 3 year from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company to the General Revenue A/C of the Central Govt.

> A claim to any money so transferred to the general revenue account may be preferred to the central govt. by the shareholders to whom the money is due.

No unclaim/ unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the board

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

- 172. Any General Meeting may resolve that any moneys, investments, or other assets forming part of undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of the Reserves, or any Capital Redemption Reserve Fund, in the hands of the company and available for dividend or representing premiums received on the issue of shares and standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account be capitalized and distributed amongst such of the members as would be entitled to receive the same if distributed by way of dividend alld in the same proportions on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capitalized fund be applied on behalf of such members in paying up in full any unissued shares, debentures, or debenture-stock of the Company which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability on any issued shares, and that such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such members in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum. Provided that any sum standing to the credit of a Share Premium Account or a Capital Redemption Reserve Fund may, for the purposes of this Article, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- 173. A General Meeting may resolve that any surplus money arising from the realisation of any capital asset of the Company or any investments representing the same, or any other undistributed profits of the Company not subject to charge for income tax, be distributed among the members on the footing that they receive the same as capital.
- 174. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under the two last preceding articles hereof the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard the distribution as it thinks expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value of distribution of any specific assets, and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the Board. Where requisite, a proper contract shall be filed in accordance with Section 75 of the Act, and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the person entitled to the dividend or capital fund, and such appointment shall be effective.

Issue of Bonus Shares.

Utilization of undistributed capital profits.

Resolving issues of fractional certificates.

ACCOUNTS

175. (1) The company shall keep at the office or at such other place in India Directors to keep as the Board thinks fit, proper Books of Account in accordance with Section 209 of the Act, with respect to

true accounts.

(a) all the sums of moneys received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipts and expenditure take place.

- (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company.
- (c) the Assets and liabilities of the Company.

(2) Where the Board decides to keep all or any of the Books of Account at any place other than the office of the Company the Company shall within seven days of the decision file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving, the full address of that other place.

(3) The Company shall preserve in good order the Books of Account relating to the period of not less than eight years preceding the current year together with the vouchers relevant to any entry in such Books of Account.

(4) Where the Company has a branch office, whether in or outside India, the Company shall be deemed to have complied with the Article if proper Books of Account relating to the transactions effected at the branch office are kept at the branch office and proper summarized returns made up to date at intervals of not more than three months are sent by the branch office to the Company at its offices at other place in India, at which the Company's Books of Account are kept as aforesaid.

(5) The Books of Account shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or branch office, as the case may be, and explain its transaction. The Books of Account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Directors during business hours.

- 176. The Boar5d shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and place and under what conditions are regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors, and no person (not being a member) shall have any right of inspecting any account or books or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board.
- 177. The Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with Sections 210, 211, 212,215,216 and 217 of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting, such Balance Sheets, Profit and Loss Account and Reports as are required by these Sections.
- 178. A copy of every such Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet (including the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached to the Balance Sheet), shall at least twentyone days before the meeting at which the same are to be laid before the members, be sent to the members of the Company, to holders of debentures issued by the Company (not being debentures which exfacie are payable to the bearer thereof); to trustees for the holders of such debentures and to all persons entitled to receive notice of General Meeting of the Company.

Places of keeping accounts.

Laying of accounts before Annual General Meetina.

Accounts when to be sent

AUDIT

- 179. Auditors shall be appointed and their rights and duties regulated in *A* accordance with Sections 224 to 233 of the Act.
- 180. The First Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Board within one month of the date of registration of the Company and the Auditor or Auditors so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the First Annual General Meeting provided that the Company may, at a General Meeting, remove any such Auditor or all of such Auditors and appoint in his or their place any other person or persons who have been nominated for appointment by any member of the Company and of whose nomination notice has been given to the members of the company not less than fourteen days before the date of the Meeting provided further that if the Board fails to exercise its powers under this Article, the Company in General Meeting may appoint the first Auditor or Auditors.

The aforesaid provisions shall mutatis mutandis apply to any Secretarial Auditor appointed under the relevant provisions of the Act.

DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

181. (1) A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on any member either personally or sending it by post to him to his registered address or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address, if any, in India supplied by him to the Company for serving documents or notices on him.

(2) Where a document or notice is sent by post, services of the document or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the document or notice, provided that where a member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents or notices should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgment due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of the doing so; service of the documents or notice shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member and such service shall be deemed to have been effected in the case of Notice of a meeting, at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the document or notice is posted and in. any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

- 182. A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighborhood of the Office shall be deemed to be duly served or sent on the day on which the advertisement appears to every member who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for serving of documents on or the sending of notices to him.
- 183. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or given to the joint-holders of a share by serving or giving the document or notice on or to the joint-holders named first in the Register of Members in respect of the share.
- 184. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through post in a prepaid letter addressed to him or them by name or by the title of representatives of the deceased or

Accounts to be audited

First auditor or auditors.

Secretarial auditor.

Service of documents and notice.

Newspaper advertisement of notice to be deemed duly served.

Notice to whom served.

Notice to be served to representatives assignee of the insolvent or by any like description, at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document or notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

- 185. Documents or notices of every General Meeting shall be served or given in the same manner hereinbefore on or to (a) every member (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member, and (c) the Auditor for the time being of the Company.
- 186. Every person who, by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every document or notice in respect of such shares, previously to his name and address being entered on the Register of Members, shall have been duly served on or given to the person from whom he drives his title to such shares.
- 187. Any document or notice to be served or given by the Company may be signed by a Director or some person duly authorised by the Board of Directors for such purpose and the signatures thereto may be written, printed or lithographed.
- 188. All documents or notices to be served or given by members on or to the Company or any office thereof shall be served or given by sending it to the Company or Officer at the Office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post, or by leaving it at the office.

WINDING UP

189. The Liquidator on any winding-up (whether voluntary, under supervision or compulsory) may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution but subject to the rights attached to any preference share capital, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like sanction; vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the Liquidator, with the like sanction shall think fit.

INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

190. Every Officer or Agent for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all liability incurred by him in defending any proceeding, whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under Section 633 of Act, in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

SECRECY

191. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and the Act no member, or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to enter the property of the Company or to inspect or examine the Company's premises or properties of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature or a trade secret, mystery of trade, or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors will be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to communicate.

Service of notice of General Meetings.

Members bound by notice.

Document or notice to be signed.

Notice to be served by post

Liquidators powers

Person when to be indemnified by the company.

No member to enter the premises of the company without permission. We the several persons whose names addresses and descriptions are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this **ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION** and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set apposite to our respective names.

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of the Subscribers & Signature	No. of Equity shares taken by Subscribers	Names, Addresses & Descriptions of the Witness & Signature
Sd/ Rajesh Agarwal, S/o- Mohanlal Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15, Occupation-Business	100 (One Hundred)	Witness to all Sd/-Pratap Kumar Rout S/o- Bichitra Nanda Rout, Practising Chartered Accountant, B-9, 1 st Floor, Saheed Nagar, Bhubaneswar- 751 007
Sd/ Sanju Agarwal, W/o- Subash Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15, Occupation-Business	100 (One Hundred)	
Sd/ Ram Dulari Agarwal, W/o- Mohan Lal Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15, Occupation-Business	100 (One Hundred)	
Sd/ Seema Agarwal, W/o- Anil Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15, Occupation-Business	100 (One Hundred)	
Sd/ Sangeeta Agarwal, W/o- Rajesh Agarwal, N-1/93, IRC Village, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar-15, Occupation-Business	100 (One Hundred)	
TOTAL :	500	

DATED THE DAY OF <u>**17TH MAY**</u>, **2000**.